RECEPTION	YEAR 1	YEAR 2	YEAR 3	YEAR 4	YEAR 5	YEAR 6
Previous learning: children come from different nurseries so varying levels of knowledge	Previous learning: Label diagrams List items Simple recount	Previous learning: Retelling a story Simple substitution in stories	Previous learning: Inventing stories from a structure	Previous learning: Writing for different purposes	Previous learning: Alternative points of view addressed simple persuasive techniques.	Previous learning: Stories have explored writer's techniques.
Narratie: - write own name - recognise letter sounds to blend and segment - write simple sentences using phonics and tricky words - Label diagrams - List items Poetry: - Poems for	Narrative: - traditional tales - stories by the same author - stories with repetitive pattern Non-fiction: - non chronological report - recount of familiar events Poetry: - Poems for	Narrative: - traditional tales with a twist - animal adventure stories - stories set in school Non-fiction: - letter / diary - instructions Poetry: - Poems for Performance	Narrative: - Fable, Folk tales - Mystery story - Same author Non-fiction: - information booklet - explanation Poetry: - Poems for Performance - Structure	Narrative: - Fantasy story - Moral dilemma - Myths Non-fiction: - newspaper reports - persuasion (adverts) Poetry: - Poems for Performance - Poems with	Narrative: - Novel as theme - Myths / Legends - Suspense story Non-fiction: - discussion (for and against) - persuasive letter writing Poetry: - Poems for Performance - Free verse	Narrative: - flashback story - recap previous genres focusing on developing setting and character Non-fiction: - auto / biography - persuasion Poetry: - Poems for Performance
Performance	Performance - Poems on a theme	- Structure poems (acrostic)	poems (shape / riddle / rhyming couples)	figurative language	Poems, focus on language choices	- Poems with imagery
For More Able children, possible use of capital letters, full stops.	With consistent use of capital letters, full stops. Questions and possibly exclamation marks. Joining simple sentences, 'and'.	With consistent use of commas in a list. Apostrophe for singular possession. Coordination. (and / but / or) Noun phrases. Subordination (if when / because)	With consistent use of a broad range of connectives for time, place and cause. Paragraphs. Direct speech. Adverbs for time, place, manner. Prepositions.	With consistent use of pronouns / nouns. Apostrophes for plural possession. Fronted adverbials.	With consistent use of relative clauses. (who, where, which) Semi-colons. Adverbials of time. Cohesion within paragraphs.	With consistent use of. Brackets, dashes. Degrees of possibilities using adverbs / verbs. Further organisational and presentational devices.