## Year 2 Understanding and investigating within number

| Stage B: typical range of Year 2 attainment |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $2.1$ <br> Beginning to develop Y2 expectations | $2.2$ <br> Embedding understanding of Y2 expectations | $2.3$ <br> Demonstrates mastery and application of Y2 expectations |
| Place value, ordering and rounding |  |  |  |
| - Counting, reading and writing numbers | Counts, reads and writes numbers from 1-100 in numerals and up to at least 20 in words. | Counts, reads and writes numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words. | Counts, reads and writes all numbers to at least 100 in numerals and words with mostly accurate spelling. |
| - Comparing and ordering numbers | Continues to confidently identify and represent numbers to 20 and beyond using objects and structured apparatus and a number line. | Identifies and represents a greater range of numbers up to 100 using different representations including the number line. | Identifies, represents and estimates numbers to 100 and beyond, using different representations, including the number line |
|  | Compares and orders numbers up to 100; Starts to use <, > and = signs | Compares and orders numbers from $0-100$; uses <, > and = signs | Compares and orders numbers from 0-100 and beyond; Uses <, > and = signs confidently. |
| - Place value | Develops understanding of place value in 2 digit numbers with support of structured materials. | Recognises the place value of each digit in a two- digit number (tens, ones). Partitions numbers e.g. 23 as 20 +3 . Describes as two tens and 3 ones | Fluently recognises the place value of each digit in a two- digit number (tens, ones) Starts to recognise zero as a place holder. Partitions numbers in different ways e.g. 23 as $20+3$ or as $10+13$ to support subtraction. |
|  | Uses place value and number facts to solve simple problems | Uses place value and number facts to solve a wider range of problems. | Demonstrates reasoning about place value and number facts to solve more complex problems. |
| Properties of numbers and number sequences |  |  |  |
| - Counting in multiples | Continues to count fluently in multiples of $2 \mathrm{~s}, 5 \mathrm{~s}$ and 10s from different multiples. | Counts in multiples of $2 \mathrm{~s}, 5 \mathrm{~s}$ and 10 s and starts to count in multiples of 3 to at least 30 . | Fluently counts forwards and back in multiples of 2,5 and 10 from different multiples beyond 100 Confidently counts in multiples of 3 to at least 30 . |
| - Recognising and describing patterns | Start to recognise patterns in the number system including odd and even numbers. | Develops understanding of a wider range of pattern in the number system including odd and even numbers. | Explores and discusses patterns in the number system |
| Fractions |  |  |  |
|  | Confidently recognises, finds and names one half / one quarter as two / four equal parts of a wide range of objects shapes, measures or quantities. <br> Demonstrates understanding with practical materials, pictures and explanations. | Recognizes, finds, names and writes fractions $1 / 2,1 / 3$, $1 / 4,2 / 4$ and $3 / 4$ of a length, shape and set of objects or a quantity. <br> Recognizes the equivalence of $2 / 4$ and $1 / 2$ <br> Writes simple fractions e.g. $1 / 2$ of $6=3$ | Fluently recognizes, finds, names and writes fractions $1 / 2,1 / 3,1 / 4,2 / 4$ and $3 / 4$ of a length, shape and set of objects or a quantity and recognizes the equivalence of $2 / 4$ and $1 / 2$ in a range of contexts <br> Writes simple fractions e.g. $1 / 4$ of $12=3$ |
|  | Continues to connect unit fractions to equal sharing and grouping. | Continues to connect unit fractions to equal sharing and grouping in a wider range of contexts | Continues to connect and explain unit fractions as equal sharing and grouping in many contexts. |
|  | Starts to understand fractions as numbers and to count in steps of halves and quarters. | Counts in steps of halves and quarters beyond one. Starts to use $1 / 2$ and $2 / 4$ equivalence on number lines. | Counts in fractions up to 10 from any number and uses the $1 / 2$ and $2 / 4$ equivalence on the number line |
|  | Begin to solve simple problems involving fractions of numbers, shapes, money or measures using practical materials to support. | Expresses simple problems involving numbers, shapes, money or measures using fraction notation and solves them, explaining methods. | Solves more complex fraction problems giving explanations of reasoning and methods. |

Year 2 Developing and applying calculation

| Stage B: typical range of Year 2 attainment |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Beginning to develop Y2 expectations | 2.2 <br> Embedding understanding of Y 2 expectations | 2.3 Demonstrates mastery and application of Y2 expectations |
| Addition and subtraction <br> - Understanding number operations and the links between them | Recognize and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to solve missing number problems with single digit numbers | Recognize and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems | Recognize and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems with more complex number sentence. |
|  | Starts to show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) | Shows that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot. | Shows and uses that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot. |
|  |  | Starts to checks calculations e.g. adding back to check subtractions/adding numbers in different order to check addition e.g. $5+2+1=1+2+5$. | Checks calculations e.g. adding back to check subtractions and adding numbers in different order check to addition e.g. $5+2+1=1+2+5$. |
| Addition and subtraction <br> - Recall of number facts | Recalls and use addition and subtraction facts for all numbers to 10 and relates to bonds for 20. | Recalls and uses addition and subtraction facts to 20 | Recalls and uses addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently. |
|  |  | Derives and uses related facts to 100 and beyond e.g. uses $3+7=10$ to calculate $30+70=100$ or $100-30=$ 70 | Fluently derives and uses related facts to 100 and beyond e.g. uses $3+7=10$ to calculate $30+70=100$ or $100-30=70$ |
| Addition and subtraction <br> - Mental calculation | Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally including; <br> - 2 single digit numbers <br> - A number up to 20 and 1 s | Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally including; <br> - 2 digit numbers and 1 s <br> - 2 digit number and 10 s <br> - 2 digit numbers which do not involve bridging a 10 <br> - Adding 3 single digit numbers | Adds and subtracts numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally including; <br> - A two-digit number and ones <br> - A two digit number and tens <br> - Two two-digit numbers including bridging through a 10 <br> - Three single digit numbers |
|  | Solves and simple 1 or 2 step problems using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving number, quantities and measures. | Solves and poses simple 2 step problems and reasoning puzzles <br> - Use concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving number, quantities and measures. <br> - Apply increasing knowledge of mental and written methods. <br> Uses the language of sum and difference | Solve and poses more complex problems such as 3 step problems and reasoning puzzles with addition and subtraction. <br> - Use concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving number, quantities and measures. <br> - Apply increasing knowledge of mental and written methods. |
| Multiplication and division |  |  |  |
| - Understanding number operations and the links between them | Starts to understand that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative). | Shows that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot. | Shows and applies understanding that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot. |


| - Recall of number facts | Recall multiplication facts for the 10 multiplication table and use them to derive division facts and count in steps of 10 answer questions. | Recalls and uses multiplications and division facts for the 2,5 and 10 multiplication tables Recognises odd and even numbers. Starts to connect the tables Connects the ten multiplication table to place value and the five multiplication table to divisions on a clock face. | Rapidly recalls and uses multiplications and division facts for the 2,5 and 10 multiplication tables. Makes connections between the tables. Connects the 10 multiplication table to place value and multiplication and division by 10 and use known multiplication and division facts to derive others e.g. 2 $\times 20=40$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - Mental calculation |  |  |  |
|  | Starts to calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and writes them using the multiplication ( x ) and division ( $\div$ ) and equals ( $=$ ) signs | Calculates mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and writes them using the multiplication $(\mathrm{x})$ and division $(\div)$ and equals (=) signs | Calculates a wider range of mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and writes them fluently using the multiplication ( x ) and division ( $\div$ ) and equals ( $=$ ) signs. |
|  | Continues to become more confident in solving one step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using objects, arrays and pictorial representations with support. Developing an understanding of grouping and sharing as it relates to multiplication and division | Solve simple problems involving multiplication and division using: <br> - materials, arrays, <br> - repeated addition, <br> - recall of multiplication and division facts <br> Problems should be in a range of contexts including measures <br> Demonstrates understanding of grouping and sharing and how they relate to multiplication and division / doubling and halving / fractions | Solve more complex problems involving multiplication and division using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods and (increasingly, recall of) multiplication and division facts including problems in contexts including measures. <br> Connect unit fractions to equal sharing and grouping, to numbers when they can be calculated, and to measures, finding fractions of lengths, quantities, sets of objects or shapes. |

Year 2 Measurement

| Stage B: typical range of Year 2 attainment |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $2.1$ <br> Beginning to develop Y2 expectations | $2.2$ <br> Embedding understanding of Y2 expectations | $2.3$ <br> Demonstrates mastery and application of Y2 expectations |
| Measurement |  |  |  |
| - length <br> - mass <br> - temperature <br> - capacity | Measures and records using e.g. rulers, metre sticks <br> - lengths and heights ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm}$ ) <br> - mass (kg/g) <br> - temperature $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ <br> - capacity (litres/ml) <br> to nearest appropriate unit using standard units and uses these to describe, compare and solve practical problems e.g. Who is taller? Which is heavier? | Chooses and uses appropriate standard units and equipment to estimate, measure and record with increasing accuracy to the nearest appropriate standard unit <br> - lengths and heights in any direction ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm}$ ) <br> - mass (kg/g) <br> - temperature $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ <br> - capacity (litres/ml) <br> Uses these to describe, compare and solve a wider range of more complex practical problems e.g. How much longer is this ribbon that this one? | Choose and use appropriate standard units and equipment to estimate, measure and record accurately to the nearest appropriate standard unit using standard abbreviations <br> - lengths and heights in any direction ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm}$ ) <br> - mass (kg/g) <br> - temperature $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ <br> - capacity (litres/ml) <br> Uses these to describe, compare and solve more complex practical problems e.g. How much longer is this ribbon that this one? <br> Uses knowledge of the number system to support accurate measuring and uses simple multiples to compare measures e.g. 'half as high', twice as high' |
|  | Compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity using appropriate comparative language such as long / longer / heavier. | Compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record results using >, < and = and appropriate comparative language | Compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record results using >, < and = and a wide range of accurate comparative language |
| - Time | Continues to be fluent with language relating to dates; days of week, months, years. <br> Reads the time to the hour and half hour confidently, using vocabulary of o'clock and half past. Starts to use quarter past /to. Draws the hands on a clock face to show these times. | Compares and sequence intervals of time Tells and writes the time to five minutes, including quarter past / to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times. <br> Know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day. | Fluent with telling and recording the time to five minutes on an analogue clock. <br> Know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day and use these facts to solve problems |
| - Money | Recognises the value of different denominations of coins and notes. <br> Begin to recognise and use symbols for pounds ( $£$ ) and pence (p) <br> Makes connections between values of coins e.g. five $1 p$ coins being of the same value as one $5 p$ coin or two $5 p$ coins being of equal value to one 10 p coin. | Recognise and use symbols for pounds (£) and pence <br> (p) <br> Combine amounts to make a particular value Find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money. <br> Solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit including giving change | Find all possible combinations of coins to equal a given amount or how to pay a given amount using the fewest possible number of coins Solve more complex problems involving money. |

Year 2 Geometry


## Tracking Individual Pupil Progress (TIPPS): Primary Mathematics Assessment Profile

## Year 2 Statistics

| Stage B: typical range of Year 2 attainment |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Statistics | Beginning to develop Y2 expectations | Embedding understanding of Y 2 expectations | 2.3 Demonstrates mastery and application of Y2 |
|  | Interprets and constructs simple pictograms where the picture is worth one unit. <br> Interpret and construct simple tally charts and block diagrams. | Interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables. including pictograms with many to one correspondence with simple ratios 2,5 and 10) | Interpret and construct a wider range of pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and tables with more complex scales and pictogram ratios as appropriate. |
|  | Ask and answer questions that require counting the number of objects in each category. | Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity e.g. using Venn and Carroll diagrams. <br> Ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data. | Ask and answer more complex questions related to a wider range of charts involving totalling and comparing categorical data. |

